VILLAGE OF ADDISON
LENAWEE COUNTY, MICHIGAN
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FEBRUARY 28, 2006

### Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

	Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.									
Loca	d Unit	of Go	vernment Typ	е	-		Local Unit Name			County
	Coun	<u> </u>	□City	□Twp	⊠Village	Other	ADDISON			LENAWEE
	al Yea DDI		Y 28, 200	6	Opinion Date MAY 5, 20	006		JUNE 6,2006	I to State	
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We a				· · · · <b>4</b> - · · <b>4</b>			Ai alai a a a			
			•		s licensed to p		=	ad in the financial statem.		dina the neter on in the
We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (report of comments and recommendations).										
	YES	9	Check ea	ck each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)						
1.	×						s of the local ur ents as necess		ncial state	ments and/or disclosed in the
2.		×						nit's unreserved fund bala udget for expenditures.	nces/unre	stricted net assets
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of Ad	counts issued by the Dep	partment o	f Treasury.
4.	×		The local	unit has a	idopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds.			
5.	X		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	accordance wit	h State statute.		
6.	×						Finance Act, a	n order issued under the Division.	Emergeno	cy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		The local	unit has n	ot been deling	quent in dis	tributing tax re	venues that were collecte	d for anoth	ner taxing unit.
8.	×		The local	unit only h	nolds deposits	/investmen	its that comply	with statutory requiremen	its.	•
9.	X						rized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).			
10.	X		that have	not been	previously cor	nmunicate	d to the Local A			uring the course of our audit If there is such activity that has
11.		X	The local	unit is free	e of repeated	comments	from previous	years.		
12.	×		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.				
13.	×				omplied with (		r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA State	ement #7 a	and other generally
14.	×		The board	d or counc	il approves all	invoices p	rior to paymen	t as required by charter or	r statute.	
15.	X		To our kn	owledge, I	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewed	were performed timely.		
includes I, th	If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.  I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.									
We	have	enc	losed the	following	]:	Enclosed	Not Required	(enter a brief justification)		
Fina	ancia	l Sta	tements							
The letter of Comments and Recommendations				mmendations	$\boxtimes$			:		
Other (Describe)										
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) PHILIP R. RUBLEY, CPA							Telephone Number 517-458-2274			
Street Address 133 W. MAIN, STREET						l l	City MORENCI	State MI	<sup>Zip</sup> 49256	
Auth	orizing		Signature (	75	7,		inted Name		License Nu	ımber
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PHILIP R. RUBLEY

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2006

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#### **Using This Annual Report**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities are both new and provide information about the activities of Village of Addison, Michigan government-wide basis. They are designed to present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

### **Overview Of The Financial Statements**

The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- A) Government-wide financial statements.
- B) Fund financial statements.
- C) Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Village maintains 6 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, major street, local street and each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater and water operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. The Village uses an internal service fund to account for its public works and general maintenance equipment. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Notes To The Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement of some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation and community development. The business-type activities of the Village include water and waste water activities reflected in the utilities fund.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Village itself (known as the primary government).

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories; governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

### **Other Information**

The Village has reported under required supplementation information, information about the General Fund and Major Type Funds, and Combining Balance Sheets and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Type Governmental Funds.

### The Village As A Whole

The Village's net assets for the year ended February 28, 2006 decreased by 4.5% over the prior year. The net results of the township can be partly attributable to Michigan's over all economy. The Village has received less revenue and increased costs of services resulting in decreases in net assets.

The governmental activities reflect net assets of \$499,159 and the business-type (utilities) of \$594,749.

By far the largest portion of the Village's net assets (67 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire these assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

### **VILLAGE OF ADDISON NET ASSETS**

	Governmental	Business-Type	
·	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Revenue	2006	<u>2006</u>	<u>2006</u>
Program Revenue:			
Charges for Services	\$ 46,489	\$119,811	\$ 166,300
Operating Grants and Contributions	55,039		55,039
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,625		1,625
General Revenue:			
Property Taxes	103,661	41,538	145,199
Grants and Contributions Not			
Restricted To Specific Program	62,747		62,747
Other	10,911	5,010	15,921
Total Revenue	280,472	166,359	446,831
Expenses			
General Government	60,351		60,351
Public Safety	61,656		61,656
Public Works	111,907		111,907
Community and Economic Development	2,117		2,117
Recreation and Culture	15,080		15,080
Interest on Long-Term Debt		20,870	20,870
Utilities Expenses		172,733	172,733
Other	45,277		45,277
Total Expenses	296,388	193,603	489,991
Increase (Decrease) In Net Assets	(15,916)	(27,244)	(43,160)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	515,375	621,993	1,137,368
Net Assets End of Year	<u>\$499,459</u>	\$594,749	\$1,094,208

#### **VILLAGE OF ADDISON NET ASSETS**

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 91,343 416,307	\$ 267,748 1,000,627	\$ 359,091 1,416,934
Total Assets	507,650	1,268,375	1,776,025
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	8,191	664,500 9,126	664,500 17,317
Total Liabilities	8,191	673,626	681,817
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	416,307	336,127	752,434
Restricted Unrestricted	83,152	43,899 214,723	43,899 297,875
Total Net Assets	<u>\$499,459</u>	<u>\$ 594,749</u>	\$1,094,208

### **Government Activities**

Government activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$15,916.

### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$27,244.

### The Village's Funds

Our analysis of the Village's funds begins on Page 9, following the entity wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Village as a whole. The Village Council and management creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages, etc.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and amended budget were insignificant. Expenses between original budget and amended budget were relatively minor.

#### **Capital Assets And Debt Administration**

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of February 28, 2006, amounted to \$1,416,934 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the Village's investment in capital assets for the current year was 5%.

Long-term debt of the Village decreased by \$33,750 (see Note 8 of the basic financial statements). There was no new debt incurred in the fiscal year ended February 28, 2006.

### **Economic Factors And Next Year's Budget And Rates**

The Village's budget for 2006-2007 fiscal year has taken inconsideration, the economic condition of the State of Michigan anticipating reduced state share revenues. This will require close tabs on expenditures for the upcoming year and adjustments will be made to mirror, when possible, the revenue base, with expenses.

#### **Contacting The Village's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office at 103 ½ W. Main St., Addison, Michigan 49220.

### PHILIP R. RUBLEY

- Certified Public Accountant -

133 W. Main Street • Morenci, MI 49256 Phone 517/458-2274 Fax 517/458-6353

MEMBERS OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF C.P.A.'S
& THE MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF C.P.A.'S

May 5, 2006

Honorable Mayor and Members Of The Village Council Village of Addison Addison, MI 49220

PHILIP R. RUBLEY, C.P.A.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Addison, Michigan as of and for the year ended February 28, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Addison, Michigan, management. Our responsibility is to express opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and the business-type activities. Each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Addison, Michigan, as of February 28, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 6, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Addison, Michigan basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

### Village of Addison May 5, 2006

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully Submitted,

Police Rubbey, CP

PRR/cab

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Government-wide Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2006

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Asse <u>ts</u>			å 25C 626
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 64,101	\$ 192,535	\$ 256,636 45,032
Receivables - Net	21,037	23,995	7,319
Inventory		7,319	7,319
Prepaid Items and	c 005		6,205
Other Assets	6,205	43,899	43,899
Restricted Cash		43,899	43,699
Capital Assets Not	00.056	_	20,876
Being Depreciated	20,876		20,070
Capital Assets Being	205 431	1 000 627	1,396,058
Depreciated - Net	395,431	1,000,627	_1,330,030
Total Assets	507,650	1,268,375	1,776,025
Liabilities  Accounts Payable and  Accrued Expenses  Long-Term Liabilities:  Due Within One Year  Due In More Than One Year	8,191  	9,126 34,500 630,000	17,317 34,500 630,000
Total Liabilities	8,191	673,626	681,817
Net Assets			
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	416,307	336,127	752,434
	410,007	43,899	43,899
Replacement Unrestricted	83,152	214,723	297,875
Total Net Assets	\$499,459	\$ 594,749	\$1,094,208

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Government-wide Statement of Activities For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges For <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Net (Expenses) <u>Revenues</u>
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 60,351	\$ 26,233	\$	\$	\$ (34,118)
Public Safety	61,656			Ψ	(61,656)
Public Works	111,907	20,256	55,039		
Community and	,	,	33,033		(36,612)
Economic Development	2,117				(0.775)
Recreation and Culture	15,080				(2,117)
Other	45,277			1,625	(13,455)
					<u>(45,277</u> )
Total Governmental					
Activities	296,388	46,489	_55,039	1,625	(193,235)
Business-Type Activities: Utilities	193,603	119,811			(73,792)
Total Business-Type Activities	193,603	119,811			(73,792)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$489,991</u>	<u>\$166,300</u>	<u>\$55,039</u>	<u>\$1,625</u>	<u>\$(267,027</u> )

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Government-wide Statement Of Activities (Concluded) For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Primary Government			
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Changes In Net Assets Net (Expense) Revenue	\$(193,235)	\$(73,792)	\$ (267,027)	
General Revenues: Property Taxes Grants and Contributions	103,661	41,538	145,199	
Not Restricted To Specific Programs Unrestricted Investment	62,747		62,747	
Earnings and Rentals	10,911	5,010	15,921	
Total General Revenues, Contributions and Transfers	177,319	46,548	223,867	
Change In Net Assets	(15,916)	(27,244)	(43,160)	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	515,375	621,993	1,137,368	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 499,45 <u>9</u>	<u>\$594,749</u>	\$1,094,208	

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Governmental Funds Balance Sheet February 28, 2006

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Major Str <del>ee</del> t <u>Fund</u>	Local Street <u>Fund</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents Prepaid Expenses Receivables - Net Due From Other Funds	\$32,864 6,205 21,037	\$5,274  	\$17,861  
Total Assets	<u>\$60,106</u>	<u>\$5,274</u>	<u>\$17,861</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable/Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Deferred Income  Total Liabilities	\$ 7,551 49,875 3,247 60,673	\$ 70   70	\$ 37   37
FUND BALANCES Unreserved (Deficit)	(567)	5,204	17,824
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	<u>(567</u> )	5,204	17,824
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$60,106</u>	<u>\$5,274</u>	<u>\$17,861</u>

Other Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ 8,052   3,300	\$64,051 6,205 21,037 3,300
<u>\$11,352</u>	<u>\$94,593</u>
\$  	\$ 7,658 49,875 <u>3,247</u>
<del></del>	60,780
_11,352	33,813
11,352	33,813
\$11,352	\$94,593

### **VILLAGE OF ADDISON**

### Reconciliation of Fund Balances On The Balance Sheet For Governmental Funds To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities On The Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2006

Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$ 33,813
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add: Capital Assets	848,418
Deduct: Accumulated Depreciation	(432,111)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	
Add: Net assets of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service fund.	46,092
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct: Receivable Adjustments - Deferred Revenue	3,247

**Net Assets of Governmental Activities** 

\$ 499,459

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	General <u>Fund</u>	Major Street <u>Fund</u>	Local Street <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES Transport	\$ 74,941	\$	\$ 25,473
Taxes Intergovernmental	62,747	43,011	12,028
Charges for Services	22,132		
Interest and Rentals	388		243
Contributions			
Other	4,101		
Total Revenue	164,309	43,011	37,744
EXPENDITURES			
Current: General Government	60,351		
Public Safety	43,029		
Public Works	27,761	29,467	22,865
Community Economic Development	2,117		
Recreation and Culture	14,243	44,846	18,376
Capital Outlay Other	45,277		
Total Expenditures	192,778	74,313	41,241
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,469)	(31,302)	(3,497)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers (Out)		21,000	(21,000)
Transfers (out)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		21,000	(21,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,469)	(10,302)	(24,497)
Fund Balances – Beginning of Year	27,902	15,506	41,241
Fund Balances – End of Year (Deficit)	<u>\$ (567</u> )	\$ 5,204	\$ 17,824

Other Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$	\$100,414
	117,786
10.000	22,132
10,280 1,625	10,911
	1,625 4,101
<del></del>	
11,905	256,969
16,427    16,427 (4,522)	60,351 59,456 80,093 2,117 14,243 63,222 45,277 324,759
	21,000 (21,000)
<del> </del>	<del></del>
(4,522)	(67,790)
15,874	101,603
\$ 11,352	<u>\$ 33,813</u>

#### **VILLAGE OF ADDISON**

### Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Statement Of Activities February 28, 2006

# Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Add: Capital Outlay Deduct: Depreciation Expense (29,842) Accounts Receivable - Adjustments - Deferred Income 18,494

**Change In Net Assets Of Governmental Activities** 

<u>\$(15,916</u>)

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds February 28, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	<u>Utilities Fund</u>	Internal Service Fund
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds	\$ 178,348	\$ 6,369
Accounts Receivable	23,007	46,575 1,038
Inventory Prepaid Expenses	7,319	
_		
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash	43.000	
Property and Equipment - Net	43,899 _1,000,627	7,364
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,304
I Olai Noncurrent Assets	1,044,526	7,364
Total Assets	\$1,253,200	<u>\$61,346</u>
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued		
Liabilities/Deposits	\$ 9,126	\$ 533
Bonds Payable, Current Portion	34,500	
Total Current Liabilities	43,626	533
Noncurrent Liabilities: Bonds Payable		
Bonds Payable	630,000	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	630,000	
Total Liabilities	673,626	533
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt	336,127	7,364
Restricted for Replacement/Retirement Unrestricted	43,899	
	199,548	53,449
Total Net Assets	579,574	\$60,813
Adjustment to Reflect The Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds		
Control huse Laura	<u> 15,175</u>	
Net Assets of Business-Type Activities on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets	<u>\$ 594,749</u>	
	<del>1                                    </del>	

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	<b>Utilities Fund</b>	<b>Internal Service Fund</b>
Operating Revenues	4110 011	450 560
Charges for Services	<u>\$119,811</u>	\$58,762
Liabilities		
Salaries and Wages	33,372	14,742
Fringe Benefits	2,308	1,135
Office Expenses	3,926	
Contractual Services	53,933	
Supplies and Materials	4,738	28,429
Utilities	8,977	
Depreciation	47,186	5,010
Other Expenses	25,650	310
Total Operating Expenses	180,090	49,626
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(60,279</u> )	9,136
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment Income	5,010	154
Interest Expense	(20,870)	
Debt Retirement	41,538	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	25,678	154
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(34,601)	9,290
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	614,175	51,523
Net Assets, End of Year	\$579,574	<u>\$60,813</u>

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, To The Statement Of Activities February 28, 2006

Change In Net Assets – All Enterprise Funds	\$(34,601)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of certain equipment usage to individual enterprise funds. The net revenue (expense) attributable to those funds is reported with the business-type activities	7,357
Change In Net Assets Of Business-Type Activities (Decrease)	\$(27,244)

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Business-Type Activities <u>Enterprise Funds</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	<u>Utilities Fund</u>	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers	\$ 135,078	\$
Cash Received Miscellaneous		58,431
Cash Payment to Suppliers For Goods and Services/Employees	(128,414)	(48,981)
Net Cash Provided (Used)	6,664	9,450
Cash Flows From Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(24 700)	
Purchase of Capital Assets Bond Principal Payments	(34,792) (33,750)	
Bond Interest Payments	(20,870)	===
Bonded Debt Collections	41,538	
Fund Transfers		(30,000)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and		
Related Financing Activities)	<u>(47,874</u> )	(30,000)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Investment Income	5,010	<u> 154</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Investing Activities	5,010	154
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	(36,200)	(20,396)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	258,447	26,765
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 222,247</u>	\$ 6,369
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets	4 170 340	4 6 363
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 178,348 43,899	\$ 6,369 
kestricted cash and cash Equivalents	43,833	
	\$ 222,247	<u>\$ 6,369</u>
	\$ 222,247	<u>\$ 6,369</u>

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Statement of Cash Flows (Concluded) Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	<b>Utilities Fund</b>	<b>Internal Service Fund</b>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided	\$ (34,601)	\$ 9,290
<pre>by Operating Activities:    Depreciation/Amortization    Changes in Assets and Liabilities:</pre>	47,186	5,010
Accounts Receivable Due From Other Funds Accounts Payable, Accrued	15,267 	(331) (30,000)
Liabilities, Bonds Current Portion Other Assets	on 6,115 (1,625)	(4,365) 
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	32,342	(20,396)
Cash Flows from Capital Activities: Acquisition of Capital Assets	(34,792)	
Net Cash (Used) from Capital Activities	(34,792)	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities: Principal Paid on Bonds	(33,750)	
Net Cash (Used) from Financing Activities	(33,750)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(36,200)	(20,396)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	258,447	26,765
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 222,247</u>	\$ 6,369

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the Village of Addison, Michigan conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

#### A. Reporting Entity

Village of Addison, Michigan is governed by an elected council. The accompanying financial statements present the government for which government is considered to be financially accountable.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds, which do not have a measurement focus. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenue licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

**The General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that receives state and local funding for the purpose of construction and maintenance of Village streets designated as major streets under State of Michigan Act 51 of Public Acts of 1951.

The Local Street Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that receives state and local funding for the purpose of construction and maintenance of Village streets designated as local streets under State of Michigan Act 51 of Public Acts of 1951.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Utilities Fund accounts for acquisition, operation and maintenance of the Village's waste water and water system.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-side and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities and enterprise funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Utilities Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Utilities Funds are also recognize as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. <u>Bank Deposits and Investment -</u> Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

State statues authorize the government to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loans associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

- 2. Receivables and Payables In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
- 3. <u>Prepaid Items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.</u>
- 4. <a href="Inventories">Inventories</a> are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.
- 5. Restricted Assets Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds and general obligations bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The bond interest and redemption account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments. The bond reserve account is used to report resources set aside to make debt service payment on bonds which would otherwise be in default. The replacement account is used to report resources set aside to make major repairs and replacements to fixed operation assets of the enterprise fund.
- 6. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., road, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land Improvements	20 - 50
Building	10 - 50
Machinery, Equipment,	
And Furnishings	5 - 35
Utility Systems	50 - 100
Infrastructure	15 - 100
Vehicles	5 - 15

7. <u>Compensated Absences</u> It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirement.

Obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity — In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before the end of January of each year, the Village Council presents the proposed budget for review and holds public hearings and a final budget is adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and activity. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is with the Village Council.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. During the year ended February 28, 2006, the government incurred expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

General Fund: General Government:	Amended <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Community Promotion and Economic Development	\$ 1,950	\$ 2,117	\$167
Public Safety: Police	22,500	22,594	94
Public Works: Street Lighting Other	9,700 8,025	10,537 8,140	837 115

### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The government unit's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

Investments made by the Village are summarized below. The investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below:

- Category 1: Insured or registered, or securities held by the Village or its agent in the Village's name.
- Category 2: Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Village's name.
- Category 3: Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

	Category 1_	 3	Carrying <u>Value</u>	Market <u>Value</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$300,535	\$ <u>\$</u>	\$300,535	\$300,535
	\$300,535	\$ \$	\$300,535	\$300,535

Balance Sheet Cash And Cash Investments
The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 3 risk disclosures for the Village's deposits are as follows:

<u>Deposits</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>
<pre>Insured (FDIC) (FSLIC) Uninsured:</pre>	\$100,000
Uncollateralized	200,535
Total	<u>\$300,535</u>

Total cash consist of: Cash and cash investments of \$256,636 and restricted cash of \$43,899.

### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended February 28, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Not	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Being Depreciated: Other  Capital Assets,	\$ 20,876 20,876	<u>\$</u>	\$ 	\$ 20,876 20,876
Being Depreciated: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure	121,813 147,150 495,357	63,222		121,813 147,150 558,579
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	764,320	63,222		827,542
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure	(27,216) (125,226)	(2,359) (5,772)		(29,575) (130,998)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(249,827) 402,269	(21,711) (29,842)		(271,538)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	362,051	33,380		(432,111) 395,431
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 382,927	\$ 33,380	<u>\$</u>	\$ 416,307
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Systems	¢1 770 401	<b>A</b> 27 400		
Equipment	\$1,770,481 69,754	\$ 37,492 —————	\$ 	\$1,807,973 69,754
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,840,235	37,492		1,877,727
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and Systems	(======================================			
Equipment	(787,822) <u>(42,092</u> )	(41,657) (5,529)		(829,479) <u>(47,621</u> )
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(829,914)	(47,186)		(877,100)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	1,010,321	(9,694)		1,000,627
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$1,010,321	\$ (9,69 <u>4</u> )	\$	\$1,000,627

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Village as follows:

General Government Public Safety Public Works Capital Assets Held By The Government's Internal Service Funds Are Charged To The Various	\$ 837 2,200 21,795
Functions Based On Their Usage Of The Assets.	5,010
Total Depreciation Expense Governmental Activities	<u>\$29,842</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
Utilities	\$47,186
Total Depreciation Expense Business-Type Activities	<b>\$47,186</b>

### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

At February 28, 2006, the following were interfund receivables and payables in the fund statement.

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	interfund <u>Payables</u>
General	\$	\$49,875
Park Improvement	3,300	
Internal Service Fund	46,575	
	\$49,87 <u>5</u>	<u>\$49,875</u>

### **NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS**

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted, to or allowed for debt services from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs, accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers <u>In</u>	Transfers <u>Out</u>
Major Street Fund Local Street Fund	\$21,000 	\$ 21,000
	<u>\$21,000</u>	<u>\$21,000</u>

### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES:**

The Village collects its own property taxes within its jurisdiction. Village property tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

### NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	Balance March 1, <u>2005</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance February 28, <u>2006</u>
Bonds Payable - Rollin-Woodstock Sanitary Drain	\$698,250	\$	\$33,750	\$664,500
Total	\$698,250	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$33,750</u>	\$664,500

### Bond Payable - Rollin - Woodstock Drain Improvement

Bonds issued by Lenawee County for Rollin - Woodstock Sanitary Drain, 5184-01.

Bonds are obligated by three municipalities as follows:

Village of Addison Township of Rollin 61% Township of Woodstock 24%

Total refinanced bond issue: \$5,080.00

Interest rate: variable

Principle payment due: October  $1^{\rm st}$  each year Interest payment made semi-annual: October  $1^{\rm st}$  and April  $1^{\rm st}$ 

Amount of Issue: Village of Addison \$762,000

Bonds payable - February 28, 2005 \$698,250

(Less) Payment made during fiscal year (33,750)

Balance at February 28, 2006 \$664,500

Principal payments over next five years are as follows:

October 1, 2006 October 1, 2007 October 1, 2008 October 1, 2009 October 1, 2010 \$34,500 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000

### **Maturities of Long-Term Debt**

Maturities for the next five years of long-term debt are as follows:

<u>Years</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	
2007	\$ 34,500	
2008	36,000	
2009	36,000	
2010	36,000	
2011	36,000	
There After	486,000	
	\$664,500	

### **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN**

The Village of Addison contributes to IRA's for eligible individuals.

### **NOTE 10 – OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Risk Management**

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended February 28, 2006, the government carried insurance through various commercial carriers, to cover all risks of losses. The government has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Amended Budge
Beginning of Year Fund Balance			- 10 100	
Resources (Inflows)	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 27,902	\$ 7,902
Taxes and Assessments	75,700	75,700	74,941	(759)
Intergovernmental	61,000	61,000	62,747	1,747
Licenses and Permits	500	500	272	(228)
Charges for Services	30,500	30,500	21,860	(8,640)
Interest and Rentals	100	100	388	288
Other	2,975	2,975	4,101	1,126
Transfer from Other Funds	10,000	10,000		(10,000)
Amounts Available for				
<b>Appropriation</b>	200,775	200,775	192,211	<u>(8,564</u> )
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)				
General Government				
Village Council	6,400	4,715	4,685	30
Cemetery	11,900	10,750	10,529	221
Office - Bookkeeper	5,950	6,075	6,047	28
Treasurer	8,200	7,900	7,890	10
Clerk	12,000	11,710	11,632	78
Elections	850	690	663	27
Professional Services	2,500	3,000	2,985	15
Buildings and Grounds	23,400	16,220	15,920	300
Public Safety				
Police	19,500	22,500	22,594	(94)
Fire	20,325	20,700	20,435	265
Inspections	750			
Community Promotion and				
Economic Development	1,250	1,950	2,117	(167)
Recreation and Culture				
Parks and Recreation	16,000	14,770	14,243	527
Public Works				
Street Lighting	9,500	9,700	10,537	(837)
Sanitation	3,000	3,000	2,991	9
Other	8,600	8,025	8,140	(115)
Leaf Program	4,000	6,100	6,093	7
Miscellaneous	42,675	53,125	45,277	7,848
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	196,800	200,930	192,778	8,152
Ending of Year Fund Balance	<u>\$ 3,975</u>	<u>\$ (155</u> )	<u>\$ (567</u> )	<u>\$ (412</u> )

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund (Major Special Revenue Fund) For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Amended Budget
Beginning of Year Fund Balance				
Resources (Inflows)	\$20,300	\$20,300	\$15,506	\$ (4,794)
Intergovernmental	37,500	37,500	43,011	5,511
Transfers from Other Funds	20,310	20,310	21,000	690
Amounts Available for Appropriation	78,110	78,110	79,517	1,407
Charman to Annuantiations (Outflews)				
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Works	78,110	78,110	74,313	3,797
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	78,110	78,110	74,313	3,797
<b>Ending of Year Fund Balance</b>	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,204	\$ 5,204

# VILLAGE OF ADDISON Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund (Major Special Revenue Fund) For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

Beginning of Year Fund Balance	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Amended Budget
Resources (Inflows) Intergovernmental Property Taxes Interest Income	\$ 10,000 29,350	\$ 10,000 29,350	\$42,321 12,028 25,473 243	\$ 42,321 2,028 (3,877) 243
Amounts Available for Appropriation	39,350	39,350	80,065	40,715
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Works Transfer to Other Funds	39,350	39,350	41,241 21,000	(1,891) (21,000)
Total Charges to Appropriations	39,350	39,350	62,241	(22,891)
<b>Ending of Year Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$17,824	\$ 17,824

### VILLAGE OF ADDISON Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds February 28, 2006

### **Special Revenue Funds**

	Fire Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Park Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Total Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash Due from Other Funds	\$4,800	\$3,252 3,300	\$ 8,052 3,300
Total Assets	<u>\$4,800</u>	<u>\$6,552</u>	<u>\$11,352</u>
Fund Balance	\$4,800	\$6,552	\$11,352
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	<u>\$4,800</u>	\$6,552	<u>\$11,352</u>

## VILLAGE OF ADDISON Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds For The Year Ended February 28, 2006

### **Special Revenue Funds**

	Fire Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Park Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Total Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Interest and Rents Contributions	\$ 10,280 	\$ <u>1,625</u>	\$ 10,280 1,625
Total Revenue	10,280	1,625	11,905
Expenditures: Public Safety	16,427		16,427
Total Expenditures	16,427		16,427
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,147)	1,625	(4,522)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)		 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) (Expenditures and Other Uses	(6,147)	1,625	(4,522)
Beginning Fund Balance	10,947	4,927	15,874
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 4,800	\$ 6,552	\$ 11,352

### PHILIP R. RUBLEY

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PHILIP R. RUBLEY, C.P.A.

MEMBERS OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF C.P.A.'S
& THE MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF C.P.A.'S

May 5, 2006

Honorable Mayor and Members Of The Village Council Village of Addison Addison, Michigan 49220

We have examined the combined financial statements of the Village of Addison, Michigan and the combining, individual fund and account group financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended February 28, 2006 and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2006. As a part of our examination, we made a study and evaluation of the Village's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Under these standards, the purposes of such an evaluation are to establish a basis for reliance on the system of internal accounting control in determining the nature, timing and extent of other auditing procedures that are necessary for expressing an opinion on the financial statement and to assist the auditor in planning and performing his examination of the financial statements.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal accounting control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other personal factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management either with respect to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our examination of the financial statements made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, including the study and evaluation of the Village's system of internal accounting control for the year ended February 28, 2006, that was made for the purpose set forth in the first paragraph of this report, would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system because it was based on selective tests of accounting records and related data.

### 1. <u>Documentation</u>

All expenditures should be supported by invoices and other documentation to support the payment of the expenditures. We found isolated cases where invoices were not attached to expenditures, we felt needed documentation. We were able to satisfy ourselves through additional testing to the validity of these expenses.

#### 2. Water Meters

It was noted through our test work that water meters installation of improvements are being made. The Village needs to continue these steps in improving the meters.

#### 3. Water Rates & Costs

Substantial increases in costs and slight increase in revenue could create a problem in the future. The improvements with new meters could increase revenues, continue to monitor and consider rate increases and cost savings measures.

#### 4. Fixed Assets

The Village needs to keep track of disposed items each year to properly maintain their fixed assets schedules established.

#### 5. <u>Deficit General Fund Balance</u>

A deficit reduction plan must be established to eliminate general fund deficit.

The above mentioned conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests to be applied to our examination of the financial statements, and this report does not modify our report dated May 5, 2006, on such financial statements.

If we can be of any further assistance, please do not hesitate in contacting us.

Respectfully Submitted,

R. Rubley,

PRR/cab